

## Isaiah's Greatest Hits for Advent: Salvation

Luke 1:46-55    Isaiah 9:2-7

### Isaiah 9:2-7

- 2** The people who walked in darkness  
    have seen a great light;  
    those who lived in a land of deep darkness—  
    on them light has shined.
- 3** You have enlarged the nation,  
    you have increased its joy;  
    they rejoice before you  
    as with joy at the harvest,  
    as people exult when dividing plunder.
- 4** For the yoke of their burden,  
    and the bar across their shoulders,  
    the rod of their oppressor,  
    you have broken as on the day of Midian.
- 5** For all the boots of the tramping warriors  
    and all the garments rolled in blood  
    shall be burned as fuel for the fire.
- 6** For a child has been born for us,  
    a son given to us;  
    authority rests upon his shoulders;  
    and he is named  
    Wonderful Counselor, Mighty God,  
    Everlasting Father, Prince of Peace.
- 7** His authority shall grow continually,  
    and there shall be endless peace  
    for the throne of David and his kingdom.  
    He will establish and uphold it  
    with justice and with righteousness  
    from this time onward and forevermore.  
    The zeal of the LORD of hosts will do this.

This is the word of the Lord.

In a small town, on main street, a church and a bank are next to each other. The church's sign said, "Jesus saves." The bank's sign said, "And so should you."

On this third Sunday of Advent, we consider the message of salvation that is proclaimed at the coming of Jesus Christ—who is proclaimed as the *Savior* of the world.

What is salvation? What does it mean to be saved? What is meant when churches or people say, "Jesus saves"? The word salvation is used a lot but we don't often pause to consider what it really means in its fullness and richness.

Generally, in a dictionary, salvation is defined as "Preservation or deliverance from harm, ruin, or loss." In the religious sense, in Christianity, salvation is typically thought of as deliverance of the soul from sin and its consequences through faith in Jesus Christ. And that is certainly an important part of salvation. Essential, even.

However, when we explore this Biblically and historically (Jewish and Christian history and theology), we find that salvation is much broader and more complex than saving souls so people go to heaven. Biblically, it actually has as much, if not more, to do with the here and now than it does with the ever-after.

In the Old Testament Hebrew, the root meaning of the word for salvation, or to save, is "to become spacious," "to be broad," or "to enlarge." It carries the

sense of deliverance from an existence that has become compressed, confined, and cramped.

Therefore, David says (in Ps.118:5), “Out of my distress I called on the Lord; the Lord answered me and set me *in a broad place*.” And that line, of having feet set in a broad place, or a spacious place, is repeated several times in the Old Testament.

This is the idea conveyed in the passage from Isaiah when the announcement is made that God has “enlarged the nation.” This isn’t about numerical increase or size. That’s a salvation phrase. It’s a way of saying, “God has saved us by bringing us out of the confined existence of exile and captivity by bringing us into a spacious land.” Which leads, of course, to rejoicing. And to peace. And justice and righteousness and all of those big and beautiful Biblical words and concepts that we heard in Isaiah 9. Salvation has life-giving ripple effects

Interestingly, when we get to the New Testament, in the gospels Jesus almost never uses this word, salvation. He tells stories that illustrate it, and he himself demonstrates it through his actions. There are several *episodes* of salvation activity in the gospels, not the least of which, of course, is the death and resurrection of Jesus. But that is the culmination of Jesus bringing aid and rescue

and setting people in a broad and spacious place, who had been in a confined existence.

So, instead of using the word “salvation,” I prefer to talk about “God’s saving help.” Which comes to us in a multitude of ways.

Just read the psalms and see how many times David says, “Save me, O God...” And he’s not talking about taking his soul to heaven; he is asking for experiences of God’s saving help in some particular way, now. For example,

Ps.18:3: “I will call upon the Lord, so shall I be saved from... my enemies.”

Salvation in this sense is a real rescue from real people intending to do real harm.

Ps. 69:1: “Save me, O God, for the waters have come up to my neck.” In other words, I’m overwhelmed. Anyone ever feel that way? Feeling cramped by or drowning in life’s events, or by anxiety? In this case, salvation means peace and rest and an ability to breathe deeply. Similar in Ps.34:4: “I sought the Lord and he heard me; he *delivered* me from... all my fears.” Salvation from fear.

Ps.6:2-6: “Have mercy on me, Lord, for I am faint; heal me, Lord, for my bones are in agony (ie, my body hurts!); my soul is in deep anguish. Turn, Lord, and deliver me; *save* me because of your unfailing love. Among the dead no one proclaims your name. Who praises you from the grave? I am worn out from my groaning. All night long I flood my bed with weeping and drench my couch with

tears.” What is David asking God to save him from? Illness. A sickness of some kind. Salvation, in this case, means healing. Being restored to health. And, isn’t that a great prayer by the way? I love it: “C’mon God, who praises you from the grave?” A little bit of bargaining with God. And it’s kind of cheeky: “Don’t you want to be praised? How can I praise you if I’m dead? So, why not heal me.”

One time when Jesus does use the word “salvation” was when he was at Zacchaeus’ house (Luke 19). After Jesus notices him in a tree, he calls him down and then invites himself over to Zacchaeus’ house. Something happened during their time together that changed Zacchaeus, and he repented(!), he changed his mind and changed his ways and decided to give back what he had extorted from people as a tax collector. And in response, Jesus said: “Today, salvation has come to this house; for he, too, is a son of Abraham.” Salvation, in that instance, meant Zacchaeus having his identity restored, and his humanity: of being seen and known for who he truly is, among the people. Talk about being set in a broad place! Zacchaeus had lived in a cramped and confined space of selfishness and greed, and of being despised by the people. So his change of mind and heart, because of his encounter with Jesus, saved him by restoring him to the human family. And to his Jewish heritage.

Acts 16:30, after Paul and Silas' kindness to a jailor after a potential jail break (when the prison doors flung open and the other prisoners started to make a run for it, Paul and Silas stick around and convince him not to commit suicide)—because of their staying and showing kindness, the jailor asks, "What must I do to be saved?" It's a way of asking, how do I get out of this way of life that I'm stuck in, which is causing harm? How do I get off the hamster wheel of being a tool for the powers that be? Paul's answer: follow Jesus, then *you and your household* will be saved. Interesting, salvation in that case wasn't individualistic, but an entire household is affected by a person's "change of mind," and therefore a change of a way of life. Again, salvation has ripple effects.

Romans 7:24, in one of the apostle Paul's most transparent moments in his letters, he says, "I don't understand my own actions; I don't do the good that I *want* to do; and I *do* the bad things I *don't* want to. Who will rescue me from this body of death?" In other words, "Who will save me... from *me*???" Sometimes the salvation we need is from ourselves, our misguided thinking and our inability to do the good and healthy things we want to do. It doesn't mean we're bad people. Paul isn't dissing himself. He's just saying, it's a conundrum. When I want to do good, I don't seem to be able to. When I don't want to do bad, I seem to be drawn to it like a moth to a lamp. Help!! And he concludes, in Romans 8, that

“nothing can separate us from the love of God.” Nothing. “We are more than conquerors through him who loved us...” There is salvation. A surrendering of my will, of ego, to the love and grace of God through Jesus Christ. Which Paul prays (in Eph.3:18) we would experience in its height, depth, length and breadth—a love which is spacious!

Isaiah: salvation meant having the bar of oppressors removed, of being rescued from war. Of being escorted into light from a time of darkness (again, from exile).

Mary, as we heard, praises “God my savior.” For her, it meant that she was being noticed, and lifted up, and honored by being included in God’s plan of redemption through Jesus Christ. *And...* in her song it also meant justice—equity—everyone being equal in God’s sight, as the Messiah begins to take center stage.

So, do you see how large and multi-faceted salvation is?

Salvation isn’t just forgiveness of sins—that is important, and, central to our faith. Author Brian McLaren makes a great point, though, in saying that having faith in Christ and accepting God’s forgiveness of sins through Christ is the *prelude* to salvation. The good stuff happens, real salvation happens, *after* we

make a commitment of faith and receive forgiveness. Forgiveness is the starting line, not the finish line, of salvation.

And, of course, salvation means having our spirits united, inwardly, with God's Spirit—the Spirit of the risen Christ—so we enjoy spiritual and eternal blessings. This isn't just a ticket to heaven, though. It's an everyday reality. Yes, someday we will enjoy a heavenly banquet—it's what we celebrate at this table today. We anticipate that, we wait for it, and hope for it. And, *while* we wait and hope, we are 'saved' daily by God's presence with us, God's joy welling up in us, God's peace resting us, and God's wisdom guiding us.

Because, in Isaiah's words, this God-become-flesh in Jesus Christ is...

- Wonderful Counselor—that is, he is wise and gives wise instruction.
- Mighty God—powerful to strengthen us, inwardly; he brings power to create, to heal.
- Everlasting Father—nurturing parent who is without beginning or end—always with us.
- Prince of Peace—the one who makes whole, and is peaceful in all of his ways.

During Advent and Christmas we claim that salvation has come, in Jesus Christ, and continues to come, sometimes in ways that aren't visible to us. But if we

have eyes to see, ears to hear, and hearts and minds that are open, we can not only acknowledge God's saving help, we can be one of the helpers (to use a term that Mr. Rogers used), working with God to also be part of God's plan of redemption.

What about you this morning? How have you experienced God's saving help? And therefore, can return thanks. And, during this Advent season, how do you *need* God's saving help? And therefore, wait with hope and expectation.

Canticle of the Turning